

A. Thomas is giving a speech as an exchange student in the UK. Complete the speech by circling the best answers. (24 marks @ 2 marks) (*Tenses, Modals, Gerunds and infinitives, Used to / be used to*)

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Time flies. As an exchange student, I ❶ (had studied and lived / have been studying and living / studied and lived) here in the UK for two years. I ❷ (have completed / have been completing / had completed) my studies and will soon return to Hong Kong. It ❸ (will be / is being / is) a great honour to stand here and express my gratitude for the opportunity to be part of the community of University College London.

When I set foot on the soil of the UK two years ago, I was anxious because it was my first time to leave my birthplace. The weather and food here ❹ (are / were / have been) quite different from those in my hometown. I was afraid that I ❺ (should not / ought not to / could not) adapt to the life here. Frankly speaking, I was an introvert. I ❻ (used to be / got used to be / am used to being) at a loss on campus since I was too shy ❼ (making / made / to make) small talk with others. If I had opened up to others earlier, I ❸ (might have made / might make / may make) my adaptation easier. Fortunately, you guys were so warm and willing to help that we soon ❾ (have got / got / were getting) to know one another.

Q10: He still enjoys wandering around the campus now.

I started to like this gorgeous place very soon. I ❿ (got used to wander / got used to wandering / used to wander) around the campus in my spare time and was beginning ⓫ (enjoying to record / to enjoy recording / enjoy recording) the stunning scenery with my camera.

Q11: *begin + gerund / to-infinitive*

begin in the continuous form + to-infinitive

I am so grateful to have you through my journey here. I ⓬ (will fly / will have flown /

Q12: *planned future actions*

am going to fly) back to Hong Kong tomorrow and will miss you so much.

C. Crystal is talking with the receptionist of a music school. Complete their conversation using the correct form of the given words. (34 marks @ 2 marks) (*Tenses, Modals, Passive voice, Used to / be used to*)

can cannot dare not may used to be used to

Excuse me, I ① got (get) a flyer about your instrument courses yesterday and I'm interested in the violin course. I ② did // had done (do) some research on the violin courses of several music schools before I ③ decided (decide) to come here. I ④ had been comparing (compare) them for hours before I fell asleep.

⑤ Have you ever tried (you / ever / try) playing any instruments before?

I ⑥ used to play (play) the flute. I ⑦ was performing (perform) throughout the primary school years. Actually, little progress ⑧ was made (make) at the beginning. Breath control is hard. I ⑨ was used to running out (run out) of breath when playing the flute. String instruments ⑩ are played (play) with bows. I guess my experience in playing wind instruments ⑪ cannot be applied (apply) to playing the violin. I ⑫ dare not enrol (enrol) in regular courses before ensuring I ⑬ can follow through (follow through).

No worries—a free trial lesson ⑭ will / is going to be conducted (conduct) at 10 am tomorrow. You ⑮ may take (take) the lesson and see if it suits you.

But I ⑯ will still be attending (still / attend) a tutorial class at that time. ⑰ Will it have ended (it / end) by the time I arrive at 11:30 am?



D. Benjamin is writing a message in a bottle. Complete the message by circling the best answers. (24 marks @ 2 marks) (*Tenses, Modals, Passive voice, Gerunds and infinitives, Used to / be used to*)

Dear Discoverer,

On the first day after the shipwreck, I (1) the search and rescue team the whole night, but it did not show up. I (2) on this desert island for almost a week.

I (3) a fussy eater. However, these days, I can only survive by (4) wild fruits. There is not much fruit left on the trees. I (5) hunting soon. I will attempt (6) into other parts of the island to hunt though I remember (7) not to move away from where I (8) a distress signal. In other words, I (9) into the unknown.

A distress signal is an internationally recognised means for obtaining help, e.g. an SOS message or orange smoke.

I hope my girlfriend (10) safe and well all this time. I planned (11) to her during the trip. How long will it take for the rescue team to arrive? (12) my girlfriend (12) a new relationship by the time I can see her again?

Yours faithfully,
Benjamin

- (1) A. have waited for
B. had waited for
 C. had been waiting for
D. have been waiting for

- (2) A. stay
 B. have been staying
C. will have stayed
D. am staying

- (3) A. used to being
 B. used to be
C. got used to being
D. got used to be

- (4) A. eating
B. ate
C. to eat
D. eat

- (5) A. get used to
B. will have got used to
C. have got used to
 D. will get used to

- (6) A. venture
 B. to venture
C. venturing
D. ventured

- (7) A. telling
B. to tell
C. to be told
 D. being told

- (8) A. send
B. have been sending
C. will be sending
D. will have sent

- (9) A. dare not venture
 B. should not venture
C. need not venture
D. don't have to venture

- (10) A. was
B. had been
 C. has been
D. is going to be

- (11) A. propose
 B. to propose
C. proposing
D. proposed

- (12) A. Has ... started
B. Will ... be starting
C. Is ... going to start
 D. Will ... have started